

# Creating a PXE Boot Environment with TinyCore

Presented by Andy Carlson

For supplementary content visit [www.andydoestech.com/olf2018.html](http://www.andydoestech.com/olf2018.html)

# Objective

- Gain a general understanding of PXE Boot functionality
- Learn how to configure dnsmasq to provide necessary services
- Learn how to create custom remixes of TinyCore Linux for use in a PXE environment

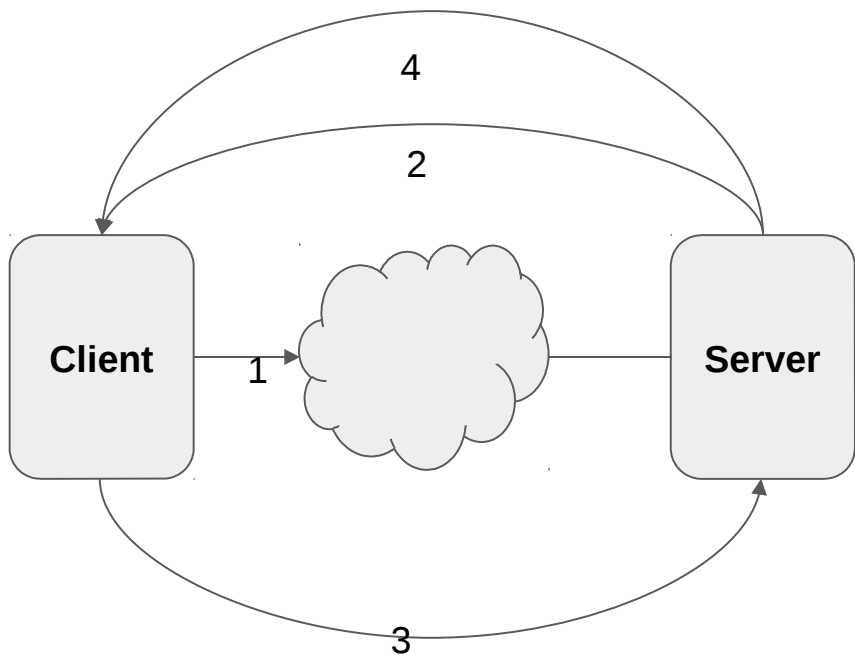
# What is PXE Boot?

Preboot eXecution Environment

Definition:

Provides functionality to provision an in-memory boot environment on client machines using DHCP and TFTP

# How DHCP Works



1. Broadcast request for available DHCP servers
2. Response from available DHCP server
3. Request for IP address from DHCP server
4. Response with available IP Address

# DHCP Options

## Packet Structure

IP Headers
Host Config Data (IP address)
DHCP Options

## Options include:

- Lease information
- Router(s)
- DNS
- Time
- TFTP server

# Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP)

- No Authentication/Authorization
  - No directory browsing capabilities
  - Get/Put file using whole path
- } Low operational overhead  
Simple to implement

# PXE Booting Linux

- Request DHCP Lease
- Receive IP Lease w/ boot configuration
  - Bootloader file location (full path on server)
  - TFTP server address
  - Bootloader configuration (path relative to TFTP root)
  - Working Directory (relative to TFTP root)
- Load necessary bootfiles via TFTP
  - pxelinux.0 – PXE Firmware
  - vmlinuz – kernel
  - initrd – init ramdisk

# Preparing the Boot Environment

- Step 1: Configure DNSMasq
  - DHCP server (with options)
    - dhcp-boot=<pxelinux.0-full-path>[,<TFTP-address>]
    - dhcp-option-force
      - 209 – pxelinux configuration file (isolinux.cfg)
      - 210 – pxelinux path prefix
      - 66 – TFTP server address
  - TFTP
    - enable-tftp
    - tftp-root=<full-path-tftp root>

• T



# Preparing the Boot Environment

- Step 2: Obtain pxelinux.0 firmware file
  - Contained within the syslinux project
  - Shortcut: Download syslinux-4.04.tar.gz (contains pre-built binary)

• T

# Preparing the Boot Environment

- Step 3: Obtain content of /boot folder from TinyCore ISO
  - Mount ISO image as loop device (mount -o loop)
  - Copy the content including:
    - core.gz – init ramdisk
    - vmlinuz – kernel
    - isolinux folder – boot menu

• T

# Preparing the Boot Environment

- Step 4: Configure init ramdisk to boot as desired
  - Decompress and extract core.gz (using inity.sh)
  - Download necessary TCZ packages (using getcz.sh)
  - Modify startup commands (located in /etc/profile)
    - Install TCZ packages on boot
    - Start xwindows (if necessary)
  - Add files and compress new core.gz file

• T

# Preparing the Boot Environment

- Step 5: Add new configuration to isolinux.cfg
  - LABEL <environment-short-name>
  - MENU <environment-descriptive-name>
  - KERNEL <relative-TFTP-path>
  - INITRD <relative-TFTP-path>

• T

# Ready to Boot

- Remember to configure BIOS to allow PXE/Network boot
- All in memory

- T

# Something else.....booting raw disk images

- Copy disk image to TFTP server
- Copy memdisk from syslinux-4.04.tar.gz to boot folder
- Modify isolinux.cfg
  - KERNEL /boot/memdisk
  - INITRD <DISK-IMAGE>

Demo Time!!

Questions!!!