

# They Don't Make 'em Like They Used To

**Integrating Junior Developers into Your Team** 

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### We don't want Redshirts

















# Who Am I?

- Robin Clower
- Career Path



- Workstate Consulting
  - Drupal, Liferay, DevOps







# Outline

- All Aboard the USS Enterprise Onboarding Best Practices
- Set Phasers to Stun Replicable Technology Set-Up
- I'm a Doctor, not a Teacher! Effective Technical Teaching Methods
- Live Long and Prosper Integration and Development Opportunities



### All Aboard the USS Enterprise Onboarding Best Practices



# Make Day 1 Count

- Have a computer available
  - Allows time to customize computer preferences and learn company-specific tools
- Plan a Team Meeting / Lunch
  - Ask remote members to come in when possible
- Assign a buddy team member
  - Ideally with a similar experience level and skillset for the little questions
- Keep it low stakes



# Weeks 1 - X

### Your Responsibility

- Maintain documentation on tools and installation
- Develop confidence-building mini-deliverables
- Check in on the buddy system
- Provide contacts they're just as important as answers
- Communicate a flexible (but defined) timeline

#### Junior Developer Responsibility

- Technology set-up
- Document pitfalls for future onboarding
- Prepare Mini Projects / Presentations
- Rely on the buddy when embarrassing issues come up
- Reach out to a variety of sources on the team for help when questions come up
- Meet deadlines or communicate in advance if a delay comes up



# Structure is key

- Maintain a technical onboarding document
  - Help your junior developer help themselves
- Communicate expectations clearly
- Set goals short and long



# **Self Reflection**

ACTIVITY (get out some paper or a phone):

- 4 minutes
- One positive, one negative onboarding experience you've had
- One positive, one negative about your team's most recent onboarding
- Talk to the person next to you



### Set Phasers to Stun Replicable Technology Set-Up





# What tech does your Junior Dev need?

ACTIVITY:

- 2 minutes
- Write all tech (hardware, software, languages) you use
- Think through entire day
- Include version number if important



- Linux (Ubuntu)
- Bash
- Vi/Vim/Nano
- Yarn
- Gulp
- Composer
- Drush
- Slack

- PHP 7.0
- PHPStorm
- Xdebug
- Codesniffer
- Apache2
- MySQL
  - MySQL
    Workbench

- Synaptic
  Package
  Manager
- Chrome
- Page Ruler
- OpenVPN
- AMP Validator
- Siteimprove

- Drupal 8
- SCSS
- Javascript
- Jquery
- Zoom
- HTML
- Twig



# Assess what technology you use

- Categorize your list
  - NI Not Important
  - I Installed / Intuitive
    - Shouldn't need to teach
    - Examples: Slack / Atom / Chrome
  - U Understand
    - Will need to teach
    - Examples: Bash / npm / Node.js



- Codesniffer NI
- Page Ruler NI
- Synaptic Package Manager - NI
- AMP Validator NI
- Siteimprove NI
- Xdebug NI
- Apache2 I

- MySQL I
- MySQL Workbench - I
- PHPStorm I
- PHP 7.0 I
  - Linux (Ubuntu) I
  - Slack I
  - Chrome I

- Zoom I
- Composer U
- Vi/Vim/Nano U
- Drush U
- Bash U
- OpenVPN U
- Yarn U

- Twig U
- SCSS U
  - Javascript U
  - Jquery U
  - HTML U
  - Drupal 8 U
  - Gulp U



# Homework

- Make your list a living document
- Share with team members (team drive) and ask for their additions
- Organize based on logical steps / importance
- Add time estimates
- Find resources
- List pitfalls
- Share with your new Junior Developers!





Git is hard: screwing up is easy, and figuring out how to fix your mistakes is for how to get Git documentation has this chicken and egg problem where you can't search for how to get yourself out of a mess, unless you *already know the name of the thing you need to know about* in order to fix your problem.

So here are some bad situations I've gotten myself into, and how I eventually got myself out of them *in plain english*\*.

# Oh s I did something terribly wrong, please tell me git has a magic time machine!?!





Source: ohsh\*tgit.com

You can use this to get back stuff you accidentally deleted, or just to remove some stuff you tried

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### *I'm a Doctor, not a Teacher!* Effective Technical Teaching Methods



# **Effective Teaching Methods**

- Backwards design in the forefront
- Differentiation for each developer
- Scaffolding to help build developers' confidence
- Keep Gardner's Theory of Multiple Intelligences in mind



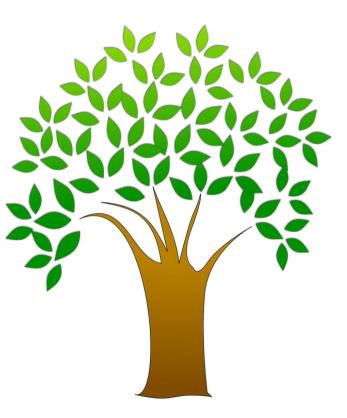
# **Just Kidding**

- Especially in coding, vocab & jargon matter
- Coding is like a foreign language
- Meet your Junior Developer where they are



# The Tree Model of Learning

- Roots things junior dev should know
  - How to read, etc.
- Trunk solid base of knowledge
  - HTML, CSS, PHP
- Branches more specific knowledge
  - SCSS, Drupal
- Twigs real nitty gritty
  - Syntax, jargon
- Leaves visual demonstration of skill
  - Useable end product
- Can't have leaves without a solid trunk









# Assessing your Junior Developer's Baseline

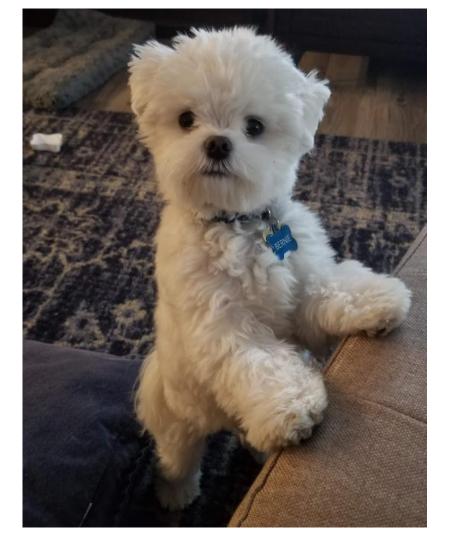
- 90% of teaching is asking questions
- Broad > Narrow questions
- Open ended but leading questions

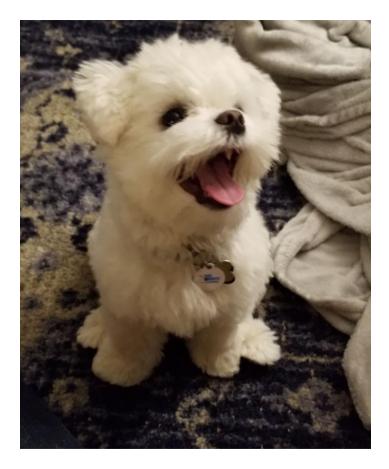


# **Answering Junior Developer Questions**

- Prepare for common questions
- Avoid tangents
- Don't talk down
- Ask questions back
- Check in often
- No stupid questions









### *Live Long and Prosper* Integration and Development Opportunities



## **Becoming a better team member**

- Lose the 'Two Miles to School Uphill Both Ways' Mentality
- Help prepare resources
- Find somewhere online that explains git well
- Be patient
- Stand up for your people



# Help Avoid Junior Developer Pitfalls

- Ask about real weaknesses
  - Procrastination
  - Discomfort asking questions
  - Can't handle pressure
- Overcome overreliance on internet (stack overflow, copy/paste)
- Provide specific expectations/assignments



# **Code Review: the most effective teacher**

- Goal isn't to merge code, it's merge good code
- Overall review should follow the tree model
  - Start with big picture code problems
  - After those are fixed, smaller improvements
  - Lastly, refactoring, syntax, spacing
- Avoid personal attacks
- Comments should be constructive, ask open ended questions
- Be empathetic



# Summary

- Prepare in advance
  - Hardware
  - Onboarding Materials
  - Assignments
- Think of a skill tree
- Ask questions
- Be patient





